

SUBJECT No. 148.

Recovery of rent from the inferior holder by the superior holder.

Messrs. Hutcha Rao and Krishnappa, Koppa taluk.

Summary of discussion.—For the recovery of annual rent from the inferior holders, the superior holders have to seek redress in civil courts. This causes great loss. The Amildars may be empowered to dispose of such cases.

Reply of Government.—Such cases are reported to be very few but these powers may be delegated by the Deputy Commissioner to the Amildar, if necessary, under Rule 3A of the Land Revenue Rules.

SUBJECT No. 149.

Trees around wet and garden lands.

Messrs. Hutcha Rao and Krishnappa, Koppa taluk.

Summary of discussion.—General permission may be granted for the removal of trees around wet and garden lands to prevent shade and shelter to monkeys which cause damage to crops.

Reply of Government.—No general order can be issued. Permission may be obtained, when necessary, by application to the Amildar.

SUBJECT No. 150.

50 yards' margin from water courses.

Messrs. Hutcha Rao and Krishnappa, Koppa taluk.

Summary of discussion.—An order has been issued in March 1912 that 50 yards margin should be left from any water-course for taking up unassessed waste lands for wet or garden cultivation. This works as a hardship, as wet or garden lands require water in all seasons. Pray that the rule may be cancelled.

Reply of Government.—The rule does not apply to assessed wet lands but only to gomal and other lands newly applied for, for cultivation. If there is any specific case in which such a restriction is insisted upon in the case of any assessed wet land, the matter may be separately represented.

SUBJECT No. 151.

Extension of *gavtan* in villages.

(a) Mr. H. V Rangasami, Hassan taluk.
(b) Mr. Harianna, Arsikere taluk.

Summary of discussion.—(a) In many villages *gavtan* is not sufficient. As it involves great delay to increase the *gavtan* by the Revenue Department after consultation with the Survey Department, and as the villagers are put to hardship in the meanwhile, it is prayed that the Survey Department may kindly be authorised to allot sufficient extent of *gavtan* in each village according to requirements.

(b) In re-surveyed taluks necessary extent may be acquired.

Reply of Government.—Cases in which the extension of a village is prevented owing to the deficiency of *gavtan* may be brought to the notice of the Deputy Commissioner.

SUBJECT No. 152.

Gomal lands.

(a) Messrs. Ummanniah and Malle Gowda, Bowringpet taluk.
(b) Mr. H. Hiriannappa, Yedatore taluk.
(c) and (d) Mr. Honnallige Gowda, Gubbi taluk.

Summary of discussion.—(a) It is prayed that Deputy Commissioners may be empowered to sanction grants of gomal lands after satisfying themselves of the local requirements of the villages, etc.

(b) Fifty acres of gomal land should be set apart in places where dry lands are scarce and where wet cultivation is carried on.

(c) No portion of the gomal land set apart for grazing purposes should be given out for cultivation.

(d) In villages where no gomal land exists portions of assessed lands may be set apart as gomal.

Reply of Government.—No gomal land is granted for cultivation except with the sanction of the Revenue Commissioner. Every endeavour is made to provide a sufficiency of gomal land and if there is any village in which there is deficiency, the case may be brought to the notice of the local authorities.

SUBJECT No. 153.
Destruction of wild pigs.
Mr. C. Narasimiah, Mysore District Board.

Summary of discussion.—It is prayed that the agricultural branch of the Economic Conference be asked to find out a speedy remedy for the destruction of wild pigs and protection of crops.

Raiyats are unable to shoot the pigs, as they do not know how to use guns. Their ravages are very great in the Heggaddevankote, Hunsur and Chamrajnagar taluks. Even in places where there are no large forests, they take refuge in scrub jungle and do much damage to crops.

Mr. Amble Anniah Pandit.—Government should give rewards for shooting or killing pigs. Otherwise pigs will become a serious pest to cultivation in future.

Reply of Government.—In the Central Provinces, one Agricultural Association has raised a fund for giving rewards for the destruction of pigs and enquiries will be made as to what is done to meet the evil elsewhere.

SUBJECT No. 154.
Signature of the raiyats to crop estimates.
Mr. Ramanuja Iyengar, Gubbi taluk.

Withdrawn.

SUBJECT No. 155.
Counterfoil receipt books for noting the payments of land revenue.
1. Messrs. Ummaniah, Malle Gowda, Bowringpet taluk; Malla Setti, Arkalgud taluk; B. Kesaviah, Chikmagalur taluk, Siddagowda, Mysore taluk; Boregowda Yedatore taluk; and Ramachendrappa Dube, Kumsi sub-taluk.
2. Mr. C. Vaman Rao, Nagar taluk.
3. Messrs. K. Subbaiah, Bangalore District Board, N. Rangappa, Holalkere taluk, and Dodda Rudrappa, Molakalmuru taluk.

Summary of discussion.—(1) For receipt of kandayam from raiyats, the village officials are required to issue receipts on patta forms. But instances are not wanting in which receipts are being granted on slips of paper without showing any particulars. It is not possible that all the pattas or receipts issued to raiyats can be checked by Taluk or District Officers. With a view to afford full scope for scrutinising recovery of kandayam and the fact of issue of receipts for payments made, it is prayed that Raiyats' Patta Forms be ordered to be printed in counterfoil so that the receipts are granted only after noting the particulars in the duplicate. The counterfoils of the receipt books